

## REALTY VALUES JUMP 25 PER CENT.

Increase Amounts to  
\$15,649,483 in Past  
Five Years.

## CITY TAX RATE MAY BE REDUCED

Report of Tax Assessors Shows  
That Bond Limit Will In-  
crease Nearly Three Million  
Dollars—How Certain  
Properties Are List-  
ed for 1910.

### Gains in Five Years

Wards.	1910.	1905.
Clay	\$11,350,401	\$9,108,967
Lee	15,895,173	10,507,040
Henry	5,988,391	7,095,209
Monroe	10,064,907	7,680,980
Madison	20,061,100	15,399,175
Jefferson	6,218,972	5,699,922
Marshall	4,466,812	3,803,100
	\$75,074,756	\$59,425,273
Increase	\$15,649,483	

Real estate valuations for the city of Richmond as reported to the Hustings Court yesterday show a gain of \$15,649,483 for the seven wards comprising the old city. Comparative figures for Washington Ward are not yet available. Realty as a basis of taxation within the city limits is valued at \$75,074,756. Five years ago the Board of State Assessors gave the value of real estate in Richmond as \$59,425,273. The gain, therefore, is something in excess of 26 per cent. in five years.

### May Cut Tax Rate.

At the city tax rate of \$1.40 it will mean an increase in annual revenue to the city of \$219,992. Under the charter provision, which limits the total tax of city bonds to 18 per cent. of the assessed valuation of real estate in the city, it will increase the bond limit \$2,316,306, and thus both through annual revenues and bond issues open the way for gigantic city building within the next few years, while according to some Councilmen the time is not far distant when the city tax rate may be cut to \$1.30, or even to \$1.25. When taken with the State tax of \$4.35, making a total of \$1.75, Richmond property owners now pay less tax than many cities of the same size and general conditions, as in many places there are county and special levies in addition to the regular tax rate.

### Report to Auditor To-Day.

Besides the books which were deposited in the Hustings Court yesterday, copies of the assessment were filed with the Commissioner of the Revenue, and this morning other copies will be filed, according to law, with the Auditor of Public Accounts of Virginia.

### The assessment by wards for white and colored population, which follows, shows the growth and stability of the property-holding class among the colored race:

Wards.	White.	Colored.
Clay	\$11,350,401	\$1,281,120
Lee	15,895,173	2,709,980
Henry	5,988,391	587,257
Monroe	10,064,907	922,943
Madison	20,061,100	257,717
Jefferson	6,218,972	92,784
Marshall	4,466,812	283,815
	\$72,565,573	\$2,506,863

### Three-Fourths Basis.

The assessors appointed by the Hustings Court were Messrs. George D. Penman, J. T. Hunt and W. E. Purcell. The assessors for the wards were D. D. Talley and W. A. Crenshaw. When the work was begun it had been intended to make the valuations on a basis of 75 per cent. of the actual or market value, but in some cases it had fallen lower, and the general assessment will average between 65 and 75 per cent. of actual values. This basis of assessment should be borne in mind in connection with the following figures, which represent the value placed by the assessors for purposes of taxation, and not the actual or market value of the property.

### The largest single piece of property in the assessment list is the home office building of the Mutual Assurance Society of Virginia, at Ninth and Main Streets, assessed at \$724,700.

Other large single pieces of property are the building of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company, at Eighth and Main Streets, assessed at \$185,500; Masonic Temple, at Eleventh and Main, assessed at \$150,000; and the building of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company, at Eleventh and Main, assessed at \$150,000.

### Some Bank Buildings.

Banks show an amazing total of values which will be recognized as having been conservatively assessed. Among banks owning large banking houses are:

National Bank of Virginia	\$369,900
Eleventh and Main	90,000
Ninth and Main	62,200
National State and City	42,225
State Bank Building	64,000
First National Bank	85,000
Planters' National Bank	74,600
Merchants' National	70,750
The Tredegar Company pays on an assessment of \$317,113, and the Old Dominion Iron and Nail Works on Belle Isle, on an assessment of \$150,000. The Locomotive and Cedar Works are not in the city.	

### Highest Values.

The highest price per front foot in the city is at the southeast corner of Fifth and Broad Street, \$1,000 per front foot. The highest assessment of property on Main Street is at the northwest corner of Eleventh Street, \$1,800 per front foot. The lowest assessed value of any house in the city is \$10. It is the property of an ancient colored man of Lee Ward, who built it himself and who notified his neighbors that when

## ENGINEER TODD'S WORK ASSAILED

Gross Carelessness  
Charged by Council-  
man Richards.

## SECRET SESSION TO SIFT THINGS

Street Committee Meets Behind  
Closed Doors to Hear Matter  
Relating to Wrong Meas-  
urement—Todd Accuses  
Richards of Spite  
Work.

Charges of gross carelessness against Fourth Assistant City Engineer Chas. L. Todd were brought by Councilman Charles E. Richards, of Marshall Ward, at a hurriedly arranged and secret meeting of the Council Committee on Streets yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Todd is charged with carelessness or inaccuracy in making an estimate, with having authorized payment to a contractor on the basis of cubic yards estimated far in excess of the work actually done, and with having refused information on the subject to a member of the Council.

City Engineer Bolling admits the inaccuracy of the measurement, and has compelled the contractor to continue excavations in order that he may earn the money already paid him on Mr. Todd's vouchers. Mr. Todd's defense is that there is spite on the part of the Marshall Ward Councilman, that Mr. Richards was the author of charges brought against him last year of having made mistakes in grade in Fairmount. The records do not show any motion for the committee to sit in executive session, but Chairman Adams advised having restricted the Sergeant-at-Arms to keep to himself the fact that it had been called. The committee sat in another than its usual meeting room and behind closed doors, those who applied for admission being informed that it was an executive meeting. At the end the Richards charges were referred to the Lynch Investigating committee for inquiry, along with other matters affecting the Engineer's Department now under investigation.

### Outline of Charges.

From sources outside of the committee it is learned that briefly Mr. Richards' statement of charges was as follows: Last year he was a member of the Street Committee, and with Alderman Nelson had the expenditure of the Marshall Ward appropriation. He asked Engineer Todd for an estimate for grading the sidewalks on both sides of Third street between Third and Fourth streets, and between Third and Fourth and Oakwood. The original estimate furnished by Mr. Todd was \$300 for the whole work. Later Mr. Todd said it might cost \$250 or \$300. Bids were invited by the Street Committee, and the contract was given to Contractor Kellam at 29 cents per cubic yard. On June 23—three days after the bid was opened—Mr. Todd returned from a vacation trip to find that the work had been stopped after the sidewalks had been graded for 267 feet, one side, less than one-fourth of the contract. He was informed that two vouchers had been paid the contractor, one for \$300 and one for \$150, making a payment of \$450, which at the contract rate should be payment for removal of approximately 997 cubic yards of dirt. Mr. Richards measured the work with a tape line and found the average cut four feet, the depth fifteen feet and the length 267 feet, but his estimates failed to come within \$100 of Mr. Todd's figures. He sent for Mr. Todd, and after some delay had the Assistant Engineer come to the ground, where Mr. Todd reported that he had informed the Councilman that he had already measured the work in cross sections, and that if Mr. Richards were not satisfied he could take it up with the office.

Having given Mr. Todd an opportunity to explain his figures, Mr. Richards, Mr. Bolling, and had the City Engineer meet him on the ground. Mr. Bolling himself took cross sections, the rust on poles being an evident guide to the depth of the cut. The City Engineer's figures showing that the contractor had removed 421 1/2 cubic yards, or less than half of Mr. Todd's allowance, which the city had paid, Mr. Bolling admitted the certainty of a mistake, saying that on his figures the work should have cost \$158.49, and that the contractor had been overpaid \$131.61. However, the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms showed that the contractor was overpaid \$112.67. Mr. Bolling is said to have instructed the contractor to go back and do sufficient work to keep the city from being a loser, which it is understood he has agreed to do, work having already begun.

### Mr. Todd Was Then on his Trough.

Mr. Todd was then on his trough, but on his return told the City Engineer that he had not measured the work by cross sections, and according to Mr. Bolling, he could not explain his figures at all.

### Richards Away On.

Mr. Richards says that the rate that was being paid by Mr. Todd for less than one-fourth of the work ordered, and which for that amount far exceeded his estimate for the entire work, the job would have exceeded the available funds of the Marshall Ward delegation. Mr. Richards is no longer on the Street Committee, having been appointed in the new Council to the Committee on Finance. He felt that the matter should be called to the attention of the Council on Streets, and asked Chairman Adams to call a meeting yesterday morning.

City Engineer Bolling said last night that he had no statement to make, as the matter was in the hands of an investigating committee. Mr. Todd also declined to discuss the charges pending a hearing, beyond saying that Mr. Richards had always been opposed to him. He stated to the committee yesterday afternoon that it was his belief that the charges were the outgrowth of spite work.

The Lynch Investigating committee will hold its first meeting Thursday night.

## REPRIMAND FOR THREE OFFICERS

Summary Court for Sol-  
diers Who Shot Up  
Broad Street.

## TRIBUNAL HAS LIMITED POWERS

Apparently Only Light Fine Can  
Be Imposed on Privates—Re-  
quest of Major Price for  
General Court Refused.  
Technical Question  
Arises.

Reprimands for Major Lawrence T. Price, Captain William A. Stack and Lieutenant William H. Kindervater, with summary courts for the four privates who were guilty of discharging their rifles from a car on Broad Street, will be the military conclusion of the whole matter. The summary court has small jurisdiction, and apparently can impose a fine of about \$5.

Privates Frank Seruges, George Campbell, Elmer Lenhart and Harry Meredith, of Company F, First Regiment, who confessed to the shooting, were fined \$10 each in Police Court by Justice Crutchfield. Captain Stack, of Company B, was arrested on a charge of interfering with the police, but the warrant was subsequently dismissed.

### Scared People on Street.

The offense occurred on the evening of Labor Day, on September 5, when the soldiers were returning from a sham battle at the State Fair grounds, participated in by all the local military. A number of shots fired from one of the street cars alarmed many of the citizens on Broad Street, it being stated the firing continued for perhaps ten blocks. The soldiers on the car belonged to Company F, all the commissioned officers of the company being necessarily absent at the time.

Upon arrival at the army, police officers ordered the car to stop. Private Harry Meredith under arrest. An altercation occurred between the policeman and Captain Stack, the latter contending that it was illegal to arrest a soldier on military duty. Lieutenant Kindervater's part in the affair was an effort to have the officers release the private until after he had returned to his home from military duty, and he has stated that he never at any time refused to give the man up.

### Three Confessed.

Intense interest was aroused in the community over the indiscriminate shooting in the streets, although it was with blank cartridges, and there was much indignation. On the succeeding night three privates of F Company, on demand of Captain J. H. Stone, stepped forward and admitted their guilt. These three, with Private Meredith, were haled to the Police Court and were fined \$10 each. Justice Crutchfield at the time laying down the law as he found it in the military statutes of the State, to the effect that whether in uniform or out of it, officers of the law could arrest a soldier for felony or breach of the peace.

A warrant was at that time sworn out by Captain Stone for a general interfering with officers by the performance of their duty, but it was dismissed.

### Immediately upon this disposition of the case, Major L. T. Price, commander of the First Battalion of the First Regiment, made a request through regular military channels for a general court-martial for the trial of the men engaged in the shooting.

### Colonel Investigates.

This was followed by a personal investigation of the affair by Colonel W. J. Perry, of Staunton, the regimental commander, who came to Richmond for the purpose. He examined the parties, later making his report to the General, C. Vaughan, the brigade commander. It was thereupon decided that the case should be disposed of by a summary court, which is constituted in military commands for the trial of trivial offenses, such as absence from drill without leave. Evidently the officers were held more culpably than the men, for it was decided that they should be reprimanded. This reprimand was sent to Captain Stack and Lieutenant Kindervater, together with some caustic advice as to the desirability of acquainting themselves with the details of the laws of the State and the regulations of the Virginia Volunteers.

The letter to Major Price was much less severe. In this attention was merely called to his indiscretion in giving out statements at the time of the occurrence to the newspapers—a fault which seems to be heinous in military eyes.

### Probably Small Fine.

There seems to be some doubt as to the size of the penalty which can be imposed by the summary court in this case. The regulations say that for disobedience of orders a fine of not more than \$50 may be imposed, together with expulsion from the service. This section apparently refers only to general courts-martial, since no summary court can decree dismissal from the service. Perhaps the men will be tried on the charge of discharging their weapons without orders within two miles of any parade on the day thereof, which carries a fine of \$2.

### Only one officer conducts a summary court. He is to be the second in command of a battalion or regiment, or when the regiment or battalion is not concentrated, he shall be the second in command of the company. In this case it would seem that Lieutenant Kindervater, second in command of Company F, would be the officer. The papers had designated Captain C. M. Wallace, third in command of the battalion, as the court officer, but he was apparently a mistake, and until the matter is straightened out by the authorities the trial will not be held.

## POWER COMPANY GETS FRANCHISE

Subcommittee at Least  
Recommends That  
It Be Granted.

## PROVISIONS TO PROTECT CITY

One Amendment Is That Rich-  
mond Power Company Shall  
Not Get Permit to Open  
Streets Until Generating  
Plant is 20 Per Cent.  
Complete.

After several hours of discussion a subcommittee from the Council Committee on Streets last night recommended the granting of a franchise to the Richmond Power Corporation under certain amendments and restrictions. The company, which has been organized by S. Dabney Crenshaw, Miles M. Martin, Clyde W. Saunders and others, proposes to erect an electric generating plant at the mouth of the Middle River, Coal Mines, and to transmit current for lighting and power to Richmond and other nearby cities. It has applied to the city of Richmond for a franchise to operate a system of poles and wires and conduits.

The subcommittee has had a number of hearings, when attorneys for the Power Corporation and the Virginia Railway and Power Company were heard. Last night several city officials outlined their views on points designed to protect the city and the committee began a verbal revision or redraft of the ordinance as proposed by the applicants. The substitute franchise as amended will be printed and distributed before it comes up for action in the Street Committee.

### Much Amended.

Major Martin, for the Power Corporation, said last night that it was impossible to discuss the proposed franchise until he had had an opportunity to study it more closely and discover the import of a number of the amendments. A statement proposed by City Engineer Bolling designed to prevent the digging up of streets by forcing the company to lay all conduits in advance of paving was adopted. A number of suggestions by Engineer Bolling, of the city electric plant, called in by Chairman Adams as an advisory officer.

Mr. Todd's estimate provided that the city would have the right to purchase power wholesale at a fixed rate of 2 cents per kilowatt hour, which, he contended, would leave a good manufacturing profit. By the use of the minimum rate for resale the city would hold the whiphand in fixing rates, and could carry any overload, which might hereafter be imposed on the municipal plant by reason of the expansion of the city.

### Wants Assurance of Good Faith.

City Attorney E. J. Egan urged that, to protect the city from imposition, there should be a guarantee that the power house be advanced to a certain extent. He suggested that the permits be given for opening streets for wires and conduits. He wanted an actual beginning of construction work, not a mere promise to do so. He suggested that the city had in going into the Richmond and Henrico Companies to start building operations. Assistant City Attorney Anderson proposed an extended amendment as to the use of poles and conduits, which not only allows the new company to use existing poles and conduits, but requires it to allow the same privileges to other companies avoiding duplication of construction in the streets.

Members of the committee, proposed a number of amendments, by which the city might acquire the property at the end of the franchise term, or compel the rental of all poles and conduits, and also a provision for a violation of the provisions of the franchise will result in that instrument being forfeited to the city.

### The draft as many times amended, was referred to the City Attorney to be properly drawn with the amendments in the place indicated, and will be reported favorably to the next meeting of the Committee on Streets.

### "RAFFLER" INDICTED

### Charged With Sending Lottery Tickets to A. T. Yoder, of Roanoke.

Atlanta, Ga., October 31.—Charged with using the mails for a scheme similar to a lottery, Bernard, an auctioneer, was indicted by the grand jury here to-day. On July 13 last Bernard raffled off a furnished house and lot in Grove Park, valued at \$10,000, the chances selling for \$1 each. The winning number was held by Mrs. Bernard's brother, who lives in York County. When the result was announced an indignation meeting was held by the Atlanta holders of tickets and a fund subscribed for the indictment.

The specific charge against Bernard is that he violated the Federal postal laws in sending tickets through the mails to A. T. Yoder, of 633 Jefferson Street, Roanoke, Va.

### FIRES IN DARKNESS

### Later Body of Woman Is Found in Fort Worth, Texas, October 31.—Miss Lulu Williams, aged twenty-five years, daughter of T. L. Williams, a prosperous farmer living six miles north of Fort Worth, Texas, was shot and killed by R. H. Bates, aged forty, a farmer in front of Bates's home early to-day. Bates stated that he was in the house and saw her enter a pistol shot had been fired he seized a shotgun and fired into the darkness. There was no outcry although he discerned a faint figure. An hour later the woman was found dead in front of the gate. She was dressed in a man's overcoat and cap. Bates is under arrest.

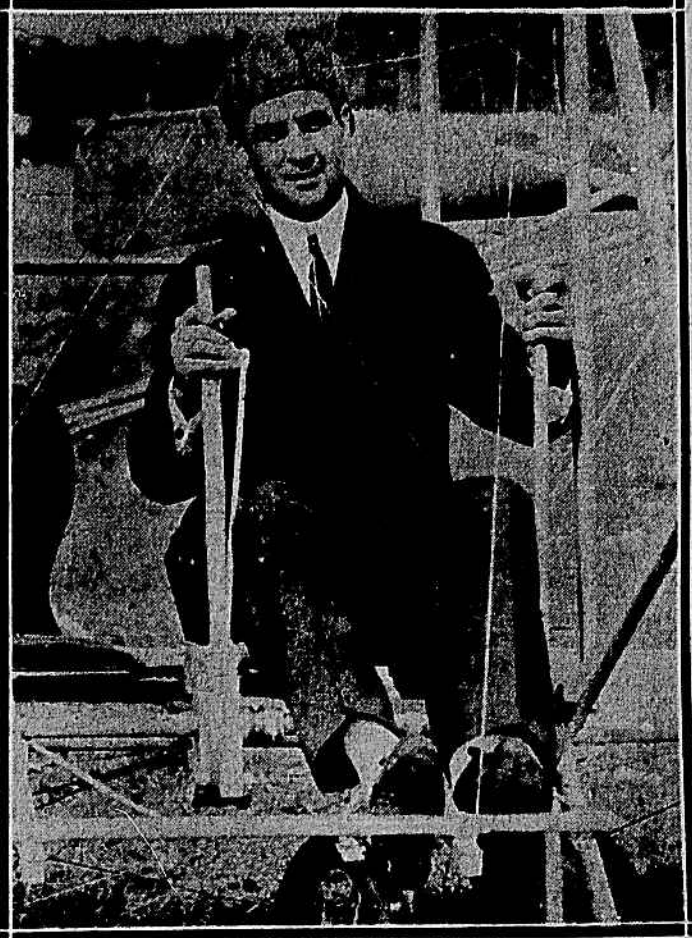
### Car Window Smashed.

The window on the side was smashed, but whether by his elbow as he ducked and hurried himself off by the infuriated man's fist Mr. Jonesoff didn't know. Passengers on the car became thoroughly alarmed, and Conductor Powell ran in and laid a restraining hand on Woody. But he had to call hand on Woody. The motorman for assistance, and the motorman from the car and ran back to his comrades' aid.

### They Already Have Reached Famous Star Ranch.

Colorado Springs, Colo., October 31.—Forest fires are to-day sweeping the part slope of Cheyenne Mountain south of here. The flames already have reached the Star Ranch property, a famous health resort, and the buildings on the Cheyenne Mountain are threatened. The path of the fire is four miles wide. There are no casualties, but the money loss has already reached many thousands of dollars.

## JOHNSTONE CLIMBS INTO SKY UNTIL EARTH IS LOST TO VIEW



RALPH JOHNSTONE.

Mounts Higher Than  
Ever Man Had Been  
Before.

## NEW RECORD SET AT 9,714 FEET

In "Baby" Wright Roadster He  
Soars Into Clouds, Capturing  
Grand Altitude Prize—Moi-  
sant Adds Another \$2,000  
to His Winnings—Avi-  
ation Meet Closes.

### Aviation Summaries

New York, October 31.—The summaries of to-day's events were not officially associated, subject to change, as follows:

Two hours, around 1.55 mile course—Moi-sant, 56 laps, penalized three for fouling; total, 33 laps; time, 1:57:24.3-5. Latham, 32 laps; time, 1:48:32.3-5. Simon, 24 laps; time, 1:35:17.2-5.

Grand altitude—Johnstone, 9,714 feet (world's record); Drexel, 8,573 feet.

First grand speed race—Graham-White (Beriot), monoplane, 10 laps, 15.5 miles; time, 1:04:24.2-5. McCurdy (Curtiss), biplane, 10 laps, 15.5 miles; time, 2:54:43.4-5.

Second grand speed race—Auhron, 7 laps, 12.50 miles; time, 16:37 flat. Unofficial total winnings of aviators:

Moi-sant (America), Beriot, \$15,500; Graham-White (England), Farman and Beriot, \$9,700; Johnstone (America), Wright, \$6,625; Hoxsey (America), Wright, \$5,375; Latham (France), Antoinette, \$3,250; Auhron (France), \$1,250; McCurdy (America), Curtiss, \$1,100; Radley (England), Beriot, \$1,050; Drexel (America), Beriot, \$800; Simon (France), Beriot, \$700; De Lencastre (France), Beriot, \$700; Brookline (America), Wright, \$1,500; Barrier (France), Beriot, \$1,100; Mrs. Wills (America), Curtiss, \$1,100; Willard (America), Curtiss, \$500.

Grand total of distance during meet in hourly duration contest—Graham-White, 106 laps; Johnstone, 106 laps; Auhron, 50 laps; Moi-sant, 50 laps; Hoxsey, 30 laps; Johnstone, 30 laps; Drexel, 30 laps; McCurdy, 30 laps; Mrs. Wills, 12 laps; Ely, 4 laps; Simon, 4 laps; Brookline, 3 laps; Latham, 2 laps; Radley, 2 laps; Audemars, 1 lap; De Lencastre, 1 lap.

Grand total of duration during meet in hourly duration contest—Hoxsey, 7:29:21.85; Johnstone, 4:47:44.0; Graham-White, 4:37:05.85; Latham, 4:11:21.20; Moi-sant, 1:42:10.50; Farman, 1:40:25.40; De Lencastre, 1:34:30.55; Auhron, 1:25:11.15; Drexel, 1:22:50.00; Mrs. Wills, 1:11:10.00; McCurdy, 2:09:35.5; Simon, 2:23:50; Ely, 7:00:00; Willard, 6:30:50; LeBlanc, 5:37:50; Brookline, 5:30:35; Radley, 3:28:20; Audemars, 2:24:50.

## WOMEN ALMOST PANIC-STRICKEN SURGEONS MEET THEIR PRESIDENT

Laurel-Street Car Scene of Vi-  
olent and Sudden Attack  
on Jonesoff

Reception to Colonel Weaver  
Precedes Sessions of  
Association.

Man Whose Wife Sat by Jones-  
off Began Fighting and  
Was Arrested.

Seven Virginians Are Received.  
Officers Will Be Chosen  
To-Day.

Preliminary to the nineteenth annual meeting of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, a reception was tendered last night in the parlors of the Jefferson Hotel to Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph K. Weaver, of Pennsylvania, the retiring president, by the women's reception committee of this city.

With the gay costumes of the wives and daughters of the visitors and the reception committee, the varied full dress uniforms of the members of the army, the navy, the National Guard and of foreign lands, the scene was indeed a brilliant one.

No actual business was transacted yesterday save at the meeting of the executive council of the association, held in the headquarters at the Jefferson. At this session forty new active members were elected and five associate members were received. The only Virginians admitted to active membership were First Lieutenant W. Armstrong, of the Medical Reserve Corps, United States Army, and Captain C. Bodov, of the National Guard of Virginia.

### New Associates.

The five associate members were all Virginians. They are Captain Charles V. Carrington, Captain C. M. Miller, Major James W. Henson, Major C. E. C. Peyton and Major D. A. Kuyk.

A high honor was paid to General Robert Blood, former surgeon-general of the National Guard of Massachusetts, in his election as an honorary member. He is the second man to thus be recognized in the history of the association.

Several associate members were transferred to active membership, and routine business was transacted. The executive council will meet again this afternoon, when the business session is concluded.

The reception to Colonel Weaver began at 9.30, after about fifty members, with their women folk, had registered at headquarters. In the receiving line were Colonel and Mrs. Joseph K. Weaver, of Norristown, Pa.; Governor and Mrs. William Hodges Mann, Adjutant-General, and Mrs. William Wilson Sale, Mrs. J. Allison Hodges, chairman of the women's reception committee; Lieutenant-Colonel Julius F. Lynch, surgeon-general of the Virginia Volunteers; Mrs. Truman A. Parker, Mrs. W. Armstrong Gills, Mrs. James W. Henson, Mrs. Greer Raughman, Mrs. Christopher Tompkins, Mrs. Barton H. Grundy, Mrs. Granville Valentine, Mrs. E. A. Saunders, Jr., Mrs. Moses D. Hoge, Mrs. Stuart Rowe and Mrs. V. S. P. Mayo.

### Differing Uniforms.

Mingled with the full dress of the United States Army was the uniform of many States, the brilliant dress of the officers of the Richmond Light Infantry Blues and the approved costumes of other nations represented. Prominent in the throng was Dr. D. Ruote, the representative at the meeting of the Association of France, in red trousers, red collar, red cap and short coat.

Attracting much attention were Dr. Van and Dr. Kira-chang, of Peking, in Police Court this morning.

## WOMEN ALMOST PANIC-STRICKEN SURGEONS MEET THEIR PRESIDENT

Laurel-Street Car Scene of Vi-  
olent and Sudden Attack  
on Jonesoff

Reception to Colonel Weaver  
Precedes Sessions of  
Association.

Man Whose Wife Sat by Jones-  
off Began Fighting and  
Was Arrested.

Seven Virginians Are Received.  
Officers Will Be Chosen  
To-Day.

Preliminary to the nineteenth annual meeting of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, a reception was tendered last night in the parlors of the Jefferson Hotel to Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph K. Weaver, of Pennsylvania, the retiring president, by the women's reception committee of this city.

With the gay costumes of the wives and daughters of the visitors and the reception committee, the varied full dress uniforms of the members of the army, the navy, the National Guard and of foreign lands, the scene was indeed a brilliant one.

No actual business was transacted yesterday save at the meeting of the executive council of the association, held in the headquarters at the Jefferson. At this session forty new active members were elected and five associate members were received. The only Virginians admitted to active membership were First Lieutenant W. Armstrong, of the Medical Reserve Corps, United States Army, and Captain C. Bodov, of the National Guard of Virginia.

### New Associates.

The five associate members were all Virginians. They are Captain Charles V. Carrington, Captain C. M. Miller, Major James W. Henson, Major C. E. C. Peyton and Major D. A. Kuyk.

A high honor was paid to General Robert Blood, former surgeon-general of the National Guard of Massachusetts, in his election as an honorary member. He is the second man to thus be recognized in the history of the association.

Several associate members were transferred to active membership, and routine business was transacted. The executive council will meet again this afternoon, when the business session is concluded.